UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF X 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2022

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File No. 001-35456

ALLISON TRANSMISSION HOLDINGS, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)



Delaware

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

One Allison Way

Indianapolis, IN

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

X

26-0414014

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

46222

(Zip Code)

(317) 242-5000

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of Each Exchange on which Registered
Common stock, \$0.01 par value	ALSN	New York Stock Exchange
Indicate by check mark whether the registra Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 m has been subject to such filing requirements for th		
pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.40	ant has submitted electronically every Intera 5 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 m es \boxtimes No \square	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrative reporting company or an emerging growth compared and the second se	ant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerate any. See the definitions of "large accelerated	

company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer

Accelerated filer Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes 🗆 No 🗵 As of October 13, 2022, there were 92,490,446 shares of Common Stock outstanding.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Financial Statements

Allison Transmission Holdings, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited, dollars in millions, except share and per share data)

	S	eptember 30, 2022		December 31, 2021
ASSETS	-			
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	180	\$	127
Accounts receivable – net of allowances for doubtful accounts of \$5 and \$3, respectively		374		301
Inventories		223		204
Other current assets		61		39
Total Current Assets		838		671
Property, plant and equipment, net		711		706
Intangible assets, net		889		917
Goodwill		2,074		2,064
Marketable securities		22		46
Other non-current assets		59		53
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4,593	\$	4,457
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	227	\$	179
Product warranty liability		26		33
Current portion of long-term debt		6		6
Deferred revenue		39		37
Other current liabilities		189		204
Total Current Liabilities		487		459
Product warranty liability		20		20
Deferred revenue		95		99
Long-term debt		2,502		2,504
Deferred income taxes		525		514
Other non-current liabilities		202		227
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,831		3,823
Commitments and contingencies (see Note P)				
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,880,000,000 shares authorized, 93,480,956 shares issued and outstanding and 99,262,951 shares issued and outstanding, respectively		1		1
Non-voting common stock, \$0.01 par value, 20,000,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding		_		_
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding		_		_
Paid in capital		1,843		1,832
Accumulated deficit		(1,021)		(1,126)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax		(61)		(73)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		762		634
TOTAL LIABILITIES & STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	4,593	\$	4,457
	—	.,	Ŧ	1,101

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Allison Transmission Holdings, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (unaudited, dollars in millions, except per share data)

	Three	Months End	ed Sept	ember 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	:	2022		2021		2022	2021			
Net sales	\$	710	\$	567	\$	2,051	\$	1,758		
Cost of sales		382		306		1,092		918		
Gross profit		328		261		959		840		
Selling, general and administrative		78		73		231		226		
Engineering — research and development		47		42		136		121		
Operating income		203		146		592		493		
Interest expense, net		(29)		(28)		(88)		(87)		
Other (expense) income, net		(15)		6		(28)		12		
Income before income taxes		159		124		476		418		
Income tax expense		(20)		(30)		(86)		(94)		
Net income	\$	139	\$	94	\$	390	\$	324		
Basic earnings per share attributable to common stockholders	\$	1.46	\$	0.89	\$	4.02	\$	2.97		
Diluted earnings per share attributable to common stockholders	\$	1.45	\$	0.89	\$	4.02	\$	2.97		
Comprehensive income, net of tax	\$	138	\$	92	\$	402	\$	328		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Allison Transmission Holdings, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited, dollars in millions)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,						
		2022		2021			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
Net income	\$	390	\$	324			
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:							
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		82		77			
Amortization of intangible assets		35		35			
Unrealized loss on marketable securities		20		_			
Stock-based compensation		14		11			
Technology-related investments gain		(6)		(3)			
Loss on intercompany foreign exchange		5		_			
Deferred income taxes		1		61			
Other		5		2			
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
Accounts receivable		(89)		(32)			
Inventories		(28)		(38)			
Accounts payable		36		7			
Other assets and liabilities		(32)		23			
Net cash provided by operating activities		433		467			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:							
Additions of long-lived assets		(75)		(112)			
Business acquisitions		(23)		(=)			
Proceeds from technology-related investments		6		4			
Loans to third parties		_		(11)			
Investment in equity method investee		(1)		()			
Net cash used for investing activities		(93)		(119)			
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		(50)		(110)			
Repurchases of common stock		(216)		(326)			
Borrowings on revolving credit facility		95		(020)			
Payments on revolving credit facility		(95)		_			
Dividend payments		(61)		(62)			
Payments on long-term debt		(5)		(02)			
Taxes paid related to net share settlement of equity awards		(3)		(3)			
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		(4)		(3)			
Payments of acquisition-related contingent liability				(3)			
		(295)					
Net cash used for financing activities		(285)		(396)			
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		(2)		(1)			
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		53		(49)			
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	<u>.</u>	127		310			
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	180	\$	261			
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:							
Cash paid during period for:							
Income taxes	\$	85	\$	48			
Interest	\$	84	\$	72			
Non-cash investing activities:							
Capital expenditures in liabilities	\$	23	\$	19			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Allison Transmission Holdings, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (unaudited, dollars in millions)

							Thre	e montl	hs end	led			
	Com	mon ock	Non-voti Commo Stock	n	Prefe Sto			d-in pital	1) 	umulated Deficit) ncome	Comp (Loss	imulated Other rehensive) Income, t of tax	cholders'
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	1	\$	_	\$	—	\$ 1	,826	\$	(1,012)	\$	(83)	\$ 732
Stock-based compensation		_		—		_		3		_			3
Pension and OPEB liability adjustment		_		_		_		_		_		(1)	(1)
Foreign currency translation adjustment				_		_		_		_		(3)	(3)
Interest rate swaps		_		—		_		_		_		2	2
Repurchase of common stock		—		—		—		—		(100)			(100)
Dividends on common stock		—		—		_		_		(20)			(20)
Net income				—		—		—		94		—	94
Balance at September 30, 2021	\$	1	\$	—	\$	_	\$1	1,829	\$	(1,038)	\$	(85)	\$ 707
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	1	\$	_	\$		\$ 1	1,839	\$	(1,031)	\$	(60)	\$ 749
Stock-based compensation		—		—		—		5		_		_	5
Pension and OPEB liability adjustment		_		_		_		_		_		(2)	(2)
Foreign currency translation adjustment		_		_		_		_		_		(12)	(12)
Interest rate swaps		—		—		—		—		_		13	13
Issuance of common stock		_		—		—		(1)		—		_	(1)
Repurchase of common stock		_		—		—		_		(109)		_	(109)
Dividends on common stock		—		—		—		—		(20)		—	(20)
Net income				—		_				139			 139
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$	1	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 1	1,843	\$	(1,021)	\$	(61)	\$ 762

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Allison Transmission Holdings, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (unaudited, dollars in millions)

					Nine mont	hs er	nded		
	Non-voting Common Common Preferred Stock Stock Stock		Paid-in Capital	A	ccumulated (Deficit) Income	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income, net of tax	Stockholders' Equity		
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	1	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 1,818	\$	(974)	\$ (89)	\$ 756
Stock-based compensation		—	—	—	11		—		11
Pension and OPEB liability adjustment		_	_	_	_		_	(5)	(5)
Foreign currency translation adjustment		_	_	_	_		_	(5)	(5)
Interest rate swaps		—	—	—	—		—	14	14
Repurchase of common stock		—	—	—	—		(326)		(326)
Dividends on common stock		—	—	—	_		(62)		(62)
Net income		—	—	—	—		324	—	324
Balance at September 30, 2021	\$	1	\$ 	\$ —	\$ 1,829	\$	(1,038)	\$ (85)	\$ 707
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	1	\$ 	\$ _	\$ 1,832	\$	(1,126)	\$ (73)	\$ 634
Stock-based compensation		—	—	—	14		_		14
Pension and OPEB liability adjustment		_	_	_	_		_	(6)	(6)
Foreign currency translation adjustment		_	_	_	_		_	(20)	(20)
Interest rate swaps		_	—	—	_		_	38	38
Issuance of common stock		_	_	_	(3)		_	_	(3)
Repurchase of common stock		—	_	_	_		(224)	_	(224)
Dividends on common stock			_				(61)	_	(61)
Net income		_	_				390	_	390
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$	1	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 1,843	\$	(1,021)	\$ (61)	\$ 762

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Allison Transmission Holdings, Inc. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (UNAUDITED)

NOTE A. OVERVIEW

Overview

Allison Transmission Holdings, Inc. and its subsidiaries ("Allison" or the "Company") design and manufacture vehicle propulsion solutions, including commercial-duty on-highway, off-highway and defense fully automatic transmissions and electric hybrid and fully electric systems. The business was founded in 1915 and has been headquartered in Indianapolis, Indiana since inception. Allison is traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol, "ALSN".

Although approximately 76% of revenues were generated in North America in 2021, the Company has a global presence by serving customers in Asia, Europe, South America and Africa. The Company serves customers through an independent network of approximately 1,400 independent distributor and dealer locations worldwide.

Global markets continue to experience supply chain, labor, energy and raw material constraints as a result of global economic volatility, the war in Ukraine and the COVID-19 pandemic, that impact the Company's business. As a result, during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 the Company experienced raw material and component part price inflation, increased freight and logistics costs, increased labor costs, production constraints due to labor shortages and increased foreign exchange volatility. In addition, despite increased customer demand, the Company's net sales for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 were negatively impacted as a result of its customers' inability to secure components from the broader commercial vehicle supply base which resulted in reduced commercial vehicle build schedules. The Company expects that commercial vehicle build schedules will continue to be negatively impacted by the availability of components throughout the remainder of 2022.

To limit the spread of variants and sub-variants of COVID-19, governments have taken, and may in the future take, various actions that have impacted, and may in the future impact, the Company's employees, operations, customers and supply base, including the administration or mandate of vaccinations, travel bans and restrictions, quarantines, curfews, stay-at-home orders, social distancing guidelines and business shutdowns and closures.

NOTE B. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, the condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for complete financial statements. The information herein reflects all normal recurring material adjustments, which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for the fair statement of the results for the periods presented. The condensed consolidated financial statements herein consist of all wholly-owned domestic and foreign subsidiaries with all significant intercompany transactions eliminated.

These condensed consolidated financial statements present the financial position, results of comprehensive income, cash flows and statements of stockholders' equity of the Company. Certain immaterial reclassifications have been made in the condensed consolidated financial statements of prior periods to conform to the current period presentation. These reclassifications had no material impact on previously reported net income, total stockholders' equity or cash flows. The condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 17, 2022. The interim period financial results for the three- and nine-month periods presented are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for any other interim period or for the entire year.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses. Estimates include, but are not limited to, sales allowances, government price adjustments, fair market values and future cash flows associated with goodwill, indefinite life intangibles, definite life intangibles, long-lived asset impairment tests, useful lives for depreciation and amortization, warranty liabilities, core deposit liabilities, environmental liabilities, determination of discount rate and other assumptions for pension and other post-retirement benefit ("OPEB") expense, determination of discount rate and period for leases, income taxes and deferred tax valuation allowances, derivative valuation, assumptions for business combinations and contingencies. The Company's accounting policies involve the application of judgments and assumptions made by management that include inherent risks and uncertainties. Due to the uncertainty surrounding global economic conditions, including as a result of government actions to control inflation, the war in Ukraine and the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, and the resulting impacts on our supply chain, demand for our products, foreign exchange rates, interest rates and the cost and availability of raw materials, labor, energy and transport, actual results could differ materially from these estimates and assumptions used in preparation of the financial statements including, but not limited to, future cash flows associated with goodwill, indefinite life intangibles, long-lived impairment tests, determination of discount rate and other assumptions for pension and OPEB expense and income taxes. Changes in estimates are recorded in results of operations in the period that the events or circumstances giving rise to such changes occur.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In October 2021, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued authoritative accounting guidance that requires contract assets and contract liabilities acquired in a business combination to be recognized as if the acquirer originated the contracts. The guidance will be effective for the Company in fiscal year 2023, and the Company does not plan to early adopt. The guidance will be applied prospectively to acquisitions occurring on or after the effective date.

In June 2022, the FASB issued authoritative accounting guidance that requires investments in equity securities which are measured at fair value and are subject to contractual sale restrictions to not reflect the contractual sale restriction in its fair value measurement. The guidance will be effective for the Company in fiscal year 2024, and the Company does not plan to early adopt. Management does not expect the adoption of this guidance to have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

NOTE C. REVENUE

Revenue is recognized as each distinct performance obligation within a contract is satisfied. A performance obligation is a promise in a contract to transfer a distinct good or service to the customer. The Company enters into long-term agreements ("LTAs") and distributor agreements with certain customers. The LTAs and distributor agreements do not include committed volumes until underlying purchase orders are issued; therefore, the Company determined that purchase orders are the contract with a customer. A contract's transaction price is allocated to each distinct performance obligation and recognized as revenue when the performance obligation is satisfied, as there is no right of return.

Some of the Company's contracts include multiple performance obligations, most commonly the sale of both a transmission and extended transmission coverage ("ETC"). The Company allocates the contract's transaction price to each performance obligation based on the standalone selling price of each distinct good or service in the contract.

The Company may also use volume-based discounts and rebates as marketing incentives in the sales of both vehicle propulsion solutions and service parts, which are accounted for as variable consideration. The Company records the impact of the incentives as a reduction to revenue when it is determined that the adjustment is not likely to reverse, historically on a quarterly basis. The Company estimates the impact of all other incentives based on the related sales and market conditions in the end market vocation. The Company recorded no material adjustments based on variable consideration for any of the three or nine months ended September 30, 2022 or 2021.

Net sales are made on credit terms, generally 30 days, based on an assessment of the customer's creditworthiness. For certain goods or services, the Company receives consideration prior to satisfying the related performance obligation. Such consideration is recorded as a contract liability in current and non-current deferred revenue as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021. See "Note J. Deferred Revenue" for more information, including the amount of revenue earned during each of the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 that had been previously deferred. The Company had no material contract assets as of either September 30, 2022 or December 31, 2021.

The Company has one operating segment and reportable segment. The Company is in one line of business, which is the manufacture and distribution of vehicle propulsion solutions. The following presents disaggregated revenue by categories that best depict how the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors (dollars in millions):

	Three	Months End	led Septe	mber 30,	Nine Months Ended September 3					
	2022		2	021		2022	2021			
North America On-Highway	\$	340	\$	275	\$	1,026	\$	896		
North America Off-Highway		24		20		62		31		
Defense		35		39		99		132		
Outside North America On-Highway		118		93		332		275		
Outside North America Off-Highway		36		14		98		48		
Service Parts, Support Equipment and Other		157		126		434		376		
Total Net Sales	\$	710	\$	567	\$	2,051	\$	1,758		

NOTE D. INVENTORIES

Inventories consisted of the following components (dollars in millions):

	September 2022	30,	ſ	December 31, 2021
Purchased parts and raw materials	\$	112	\$	101
Work in progress		10		8
Service parts		45		44
Finished goods		56		51
Total inventories	\$	223	\$	204

Inventory components shipped to third parties, primarily cores, parts to re-manufacturers, and parts to contract manufacturers, which the Company has an obligation to buy back, are included in purchased parts and raw materials, with an offsetting liability in Other current liabilities. See "Note L. Other Current Liabilities" for more information.

NOTE E. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

As of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the carrying value of the Company's Goodwill was \$2,074 million and \$2,064 million, respectively.

The following presents a summary of other intangible assets (dollars in millions):

			Septe	mber 30, 202	2	December 31, 2021							
	Intangible assets, gross		Accumulated amortization		Intangible assets, net		Intangible assets, gross		Accumulated amortization			ingible ets, net	
Other intangible assets:													
Trade name	\$	791	\$	—	\$	791	\$	791	\$		\$	791	
In-process research and development		25		_		25		25				25	
Customer relationships — commercial		839		(782)		57		839		(751)		88	
Proprietary technology		484		(478)		6		478		(477)		1	
Customer relationships — defense		62		(53)		9		62		(50)		12	
Non-compete agreements		1		_		1		—		_		—	
Total	\$	2,202	\$	(1,313)	\$	889	\$	2,195	\$	(1,278)	\$	917	

As of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the carrying value of the Company's Goodwill and Intangible assets, net was \$2,963 million and \$2,981 million, respectively.

Amortization expense related to other intangible assets for the next five fiscal years is expected to be (dollars in millions):

	202	23	 2024	2025		 2026	 2027
Amortization expense	\$	45	\$ 9	\$	5	\$ 2	\$ 1

The following presents a summary of the changes in the goodwill of the Company's single operating and reporting segment (dollars in millions):

	 Goodwill
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 2,064
Acquisitions	13
Foreign currency translation	(3)
Net current period impact to goodwill	\$ 10
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$ 2,074

NOTE F. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In accordance with the FASB's authoritative accounting guidance on fair value measurements, fair value is the price (exit price) that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Company utilizes market data or assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk and the risks inherent in the inputs to the valuation technique. These inputs can be readily observable, market corroborated, or generally unobservable. The Company primarily applies the market approach for recurring fair value measurements and utilizes the best available information that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. The Company is able to classify fair value balances based on the observability of those inputs. The accounting guidance establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurement). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy defined by the relevant guidance are as follows:

Level 1 — Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date. Active markets are those in which transactions for the asset or liability occur in sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. Level 1 primarily consists of financial instruments such as exchange-traded derivatives, listed equities and publicly traded bonds.

Level 2 — Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets included in Level 1, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reported date. Level 2 includes financial instruments that are valued using quoted prices in markets that are not active and those financial instruments that are valued using models or other valuation methodologies. These models are primarily industry standard models that consider various assumptions, including quoted forward prices for commodities, time value, volatility factors, and current market and contractual prices for the underlying instruments, as well as other relevant economic measures. Substantially all of these assumptions are observable in the marketplace throughout the full term of the instrument, can be derived from observable data or are supported by observable levels at which transactions are executed in the marketplace.

Level 3 — Pricing inputs include significant inputs that are generally less observable from objective sources. These inputs may be used with internally developed methodologies that result in management's best estimate of fair value. At each balance sheet date, the Company performs an analysis of all instruments subject to authoritative accounting guidance and includes, in Level 3, all of those whose fair value is based on significant unobservable inputs. As of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company did not have any Level 3 financial assets or liabilities.

The Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value include marketable securities, cash equivalents, derivative instruments, assets held in a rabbi trust and a deferred compensation obligation. The Company's marketable securities consist of publicly traded stock of Jing-Jin Electric Technologies Co. Ltd., which has a readily determinable fair value. The Company's cash equivalents consist of short-term U.S. government backed securities. The Company's derivative instruments consist of interest rate swaps. The Company's assets held in the rabbi trust consist principally of publicly available mutual funds and target date retirement funds. The Company's deferred compensation obligation is directly related to the fair value of assets held in the rabbi trust.

The Company's valuation techniques used to calculate the fair value of cash equivalents, assets held in the rabbi trust and the deferred compensation obligation represent a market approach in active markets for identical assets that qualify as Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy. The Company's valuation techniques used to calculate the fair value of derivative instruments represent a market approach with observable inputs that qualify as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

The Company uses valuations from the issuing financial institutions for the fair value measurement of interest rate swaps. The floatingto-fixed interest rate swaps are based on the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"),

which is observable at commonly quoted intervals. The fair values are included in other current and non-current assets and liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. See "Note H. Derivatives" for more information regarding the Company's interest rate swaps.

The following table summarizes the fair value of the Company's financial assets and (liabilities) as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (dollars in millions):

					Fai	r Value Measu	rements	s Using				
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)				Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)				TOTAL			
		nber 30, 122		nber 31, 021	Sep	tember 30, 2022		ember 31, 2021		ember 30, 2022	Dec	ember 31, 2021
Marketable securities	\$	22	\$	46	\$	_	\$		\$	22	\$	46
Cash equivalents		70		_		_				70		_
Rabbi trust assets		15		19		_		_		15		19
Deferred compensation obligation		(15)		(19)		_		_		(15)		(19)
Derivative assets (liabilities), net		_		_		19		(31)		19		(31)
Total	\$	92	\$	46	\$	19	\$	(31)	\$	111	\$	15

NOTE G. DEBT

Long-term debt and maturities are as follows (dollars in millions):

	mber 30, 022	December 31, 2021
Long-term debt:		
Senior Secured Credit Facility Term Loan, variable, due 2026	\$ 627	\$ 631
Senior Notes, fixed 4.75%, due 2027	400	400
Senior Notes, fixed 5.875%, due 2029	500	500
Senior Notes, fixed 3.75%, due 2031	1,000	1,000
Total long-term debt	\$ 2,527	\$ 2,531
Less: current maturities of long-term debt	6	6
deferred financing costs, net	19	21
Total long-term debt, net	\$ 2,502	\$ 2,504

As of September 30, 2022, the Company had \$2,527 million of indebtedness associated with Allison Transmission, Inc.'s ("ATI"), the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, 4.75% Senior Notes due October 2027 ("4.75% Senior Notes"), ATI's 5.875% Senior Notes due June 2029 ("5.875% Senior Notes"), ATI's 3.75% Senior Notes due January 2031 ("3.75% Senior Notes" and, together with the 4.75% Senior Notes and 5.875% Senior Notes, the "Senior Notes") and the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of March 29, 2019, as amended (the "Credit Agreement"), governing ATI's term loan facility in the amount of \$627 million due March 2026 ("Term Loan") and ATI's revolving credit facility with commitments in the amount of \$650 million due September 2025 ("Revolving Credit Facility" and, together with the Term Loan, the "Senior Secured Credit Facility").

The fair value of the Company's long-term debt obligations as of September 30, 2022 was \$2,197 million. The fair value is based on quoted Level 2 market prices of the Company's debt as of September 30, 2022. The difference between the fair value and carrying value of the long-term debt is driven primarily by trends in the financial markets.

Senior Secured Credit Facility

The borrowings under the Senior Secured Credit Facility are collateralized by a lien on substantially all assets of the Company, ATI and each of the existing and future U.S. subsidiary guarantors, with certain exceptions set forth in the Credit Agreement, and ATI's capital stock and all of the capital stock or other equity interests held by the Company, ATI and each of ATI's existing and future U.S. subsidiary guarantors (subject to certain limitations for equity interest of foreign subsidiaries and other exceptions set forth in the Credit Agreement). Interest on the Term Loan, as of September 30, 2022, is either (a) 1.75% over a LIBOR rate on deposits in U.S. dollars for one-, two-, three- or six-month periods (or twelve-month or shorter periods if, at the time of the borrowing, available from all relevant lenders) (the "LIBOR Rate"), or (b) 0.75% over the greater of the prime lending rate as quoted by the administrative agent, the LIBOR Rate for an interest period of one month plus 1.00% and the federal funds effective rate published by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York plus 0.50%, subject to a 1.00% floor (the "Base Rate"). As of September 30, 2022, the Company elected to pay the lowest all-in rate of LIBOR plus the applicable margin, or 4.81%, on the Term Loan. The Credit Agreement requires minimum quarterly principal payments on the Term Loan, as well as prepayments from certain net cash proceeds of non-ordinary course asset sales and casualty and condemnation events, the incurrence of certain debt and from a percentage of excess cash flow, if applicable. The minimum required quarterly principal payment on the Term Loan through its maturity date of March 2026 is \$2 million. As of September 30, 2022, there had been no payments required for certain net cash proceeds of non-ordinary course asset sales and casualty and condemnation events. The remaining principal balance is due upon maturity.

The Senior Secured Credit Facility also provides a Revolving Credit Facility, net of an allowance for up to \$75 million in outstanding letters of credit commitments. Throughout the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company made periodic withdrawals and payments on the Revolving Credit Facility as part of the Company's cash management plans. The maximum amount outstanding at any time during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 was \$75 million. As of September 30, 2022, the Company had \$645 million available under the Revolving Credit Facility, net of \$5 million in letters of credit. Borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility bear interest at a variable base rate plus an applicable margin based on the Company's first lien net leverage ratio. When the Company's first lien net leverage ratio is above 4.00x, interest on the Revolving Credit Facility is (a) 0.75% over the Base Rate or (b) 1.75% over the LIBOR Rate; when the Company's first lien net leverage ratio is equal to or less than 4.00x and above 3.50x, interest on the Revolving Credit Facility is (i) 0.50% over the Base Rate or (ii) 1.50% over the LIBOR Rate; and when the Company's first lien net leverage ratio is equal to or below 3.50x, interest on the Revolving Credit Facility is (y) 0.25% over the Base Rate or (z) 1.25% over the LIBOR Rate. As of September 30, 2022, the applicable margin for the Revolving Credit Facility was 1.25%. In addition, there is an annual commitment fee, based on the Company's first lien net leverage ratio, on the average unused revolving credit borrowings available under the Revolving Credit Facility. As of September 30, 2022, the commitment fee is 0.25%. Borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility are payable at the option of the Company throughout the term of the Senior Secured Credit Facility with the balance due in September 2025.

The Senior Secured Credit Facility requires the Company to maintain a specified maximum first lien net leverage ratio of 5.50x when revolving loan commitments remain outstanding on the Revolving Credit Facility at the end of a fiscal quarter. As of September 30, 2022, the Company had no amounts outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility; however, the Company would have been in compliance with the maximum first lien net leverage ratio, achieving a 0.48x ratio. Additionally, within the terms of the Senior Secured Credit Facility, a first lien net leverage ratio at or below 4.00x results in the elimination of excess cash flow payments on the Senior Secured Credit Facility for the applicable year.

In addition, the Credit Agreement, among other things, includes customary restrictions (subject to certain exceptions) on the Company's ability to incur certain indebtedness, grant certain liens, make certain investments, engage in acquisitions, consolidations and mergers, declare or pay certain dividends or repurchase shares of the

Company's common stock. As of September 30, 2022, the Company was in compliance with all covenants under the Credit Agreement.

Senior Notes

Each series of the Senior Notes are unsecured and are guaranteed by each of ATI's domestic subsidiaries that is a borrower under or guarantees the Senior Secured Credit Facility and are unconditionally guaranteed, jointly and severally, by any of ATI's future domestic subsidiaries that are borrowers under or guarantee the Senior Secured Credit Facility. None of ATI's domestic subsidiaries currently guarantee its obligations under the Senior Secured Credit Facility, and therefore none of ATI's domestic subsidiaries currently guarantee any series of the Senior Notes. The indentures governing the Senior Notes contain negative covenants restricting or limiting the Company's ability to, among other things: incur or guarantee additional indebtedness, incur liens, pay dividends on, redeem or repurchase the Company's capital stock, make certain investments, permit payment or dividend restrictions on certain of the Company's subsidiaries, sell assets, engage in certain transactions with affiliates, and consolidate or merge or sell all or substantially all of the Company's assets. As of September 30, 2022, the Company was in compliance with all covenants under the indentures governing the Senior Notes.

NOTE H. DERIVATIVES

The Company is subject to interest rate risk related to the Senior Secured Credit Facility and enters into interest rate swaps that are based on LIBOR to manage a portion of this exposure. The interest rate swaps are designated as cash flow hedges that qualify for hedge accounting under the hypothetical derivative method. Fair value adjustments are recorded as a component of Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax ("AOCL") in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. Balances in AOCL are reclassified to earnings when transactions related to the underlying risk are settled. As of September 30, 2022, the Company held interest rate swaps effective from September 2019 to September 2025 with notional values totaling \$250 million and a weighted average LIBOR fixed rate of 3.04% and interest rate swaps effective from September 2022 to September 2025 with notional values totaling \$250 million and a weighted average LIBOR fixed rate of 2.82%. See "Note F. Fair Value of Financial Instruments" for information regarding the fair value of the Company's interest rate swaps.

The following tabular disclosures further describe the Company's interest rate derivatives qualifying and designated for hedge accounting and their impact on the financial condition of the Company (dollars in millions):

		Fair V				
	Balance Sheet Location	September 30, 2022		De	cember 31, 2021	
Derivative Assets:						
Interest rate swaps	Other current assets	\$	6	\$	_	
	Other non-current assets		13			
Total derivative assets		\$	19	\$		
Derivative Liabilities:						
Interest rate swaps	Other current liabilities	\$	—	\$	10	
	Other non-current liabilities		_		21	
Total derivative liabilities		\$	_	\$	31	

The balance of net derivative gains and (losses) recorded in AOCL as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 was \$19 million and (\$31) million, respectively. See "Note O. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss" for information regarding activity recorded as a component of AOCL during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021. As of September 30, 2022, the Company had \$3 million of derivative gains recorded in AOCL expected to be reclassified to earnings within the next twelve months.

NOTE I. PRODUCT WARRANTY LIABILITIES

As of September 30, 2022, current and non-current product warranty liabilities were \$26 million and \$20 million, respectively. As of September 30, 2021, current and non-current product warranty liabilities were \$35 million and \$23 million, respectively.

Product warranty liability activities consist of the following (dollars in millions):

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Mont Septem	ed	
	:	2022	2	2021	2022	2021
Beginning balance	\$	53	\$	60	\$ 53	\$ 66
Payments		(9)		(6)	(24)	(22)
Increase in liability (warranty issued during period)		4		4	13	12
Net adjustments to liability		(2)		—	4	2
Ending balance	\$	46	\$	58	\$ 46	\$ 58

NOTE J. DEFERRED REVENUE

As of September 30, 2022, current and non-current deferred revenue was \$39 million and \$95 million, respectively. As of September 30, 2021, current and non-current deferred revenue was \$37 million and \$101 million, respectively.

Deferred revenue activity consists of the following (dollars in millions):

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,			∋d	
		2022		2021		2022	:	2021
Beginning balance	\$	135	\$	142	\$	136	\$	143
Increases		8		6		28		22
Revenue earned		(9)		(10)		(30)		(27)
Ending balance	\$	134	\$	138	\$	134	\$	138

Deferred revenue recorded in current and non-current liabilities related to ETC as of September 30, 2022 was \$30 million and \$86 million, respectively. Deferred revenue recorded in current and non-current liabilities related to ETC as of September 30, 2021 was \$29 million and \$86 million, respectively.

NOTE K. LEASES

Contracts are assessed by the Company to determine if the contract conveys the right to control an identified asset in exchange for consideration during a period of time. The Company classifies all identified leases as either operating or finance leases. As of September 30, 2022, the Company was not a party to any finance leases. Contracts that contain leases are assessed to determine if the consideration in the contract is related to a lease component, non-lease component or other components not related to the lease. Lease components are recorded as right-of-use ("ROU") assets and lease liabilities while any non-lease component is expensed as incurred. The consideration in the contract related to other components not related to the lease is allocated among the lease component and the non-lease component, as applicable, based on the stand-alone selling price of the lease and non-lease components.

Certain lease contracts may contain an option to extend or terminate the lease. The Company considers the economic impact of extension and termination options by contract. If the Company concludes it is reasonably certain an option will be exercised, that option is included in the lease term and impacts the amount recorded as an ROU asset and lease liability at inception of the contract.

The Company's lease liability is determined by discounting the future cash flows over the lease period. The Company determines its discount rates utilizing current secured financing rates based on the length of the lease period plus the Company's margin over LIBOR on the Term Loan. The Company believes this rate effectively represents a borrowing rate the Company could obtain on a debt instrument possessing similar terms as the lease. Lease liabilities are classified between current and non-current liabilities based on the terms of the underlying leases. The weighted average discount rate on operating leases as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 was 4.27% and 4.25%, respectively.

As of September 30, 2022, the Company recorded current and non-current operating lease liabilities of \$3 million and \$12 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2021, the Company recorded current and non-current operating lease liabilities of \$4 million and \$13 million, respectively. The following table reconciles future undiscounted cash flows for operating leases as of September 30, 2022 to total operating lease liabilities:

	mber 30, 022
2022	\$ 1
2023	4
2024	2
2025	2
2026	2
Thereafter	6
Total lease payments	\$ 17
Less: Interest	2
Present value of lease liabilities	\$ 15

ROU assets are calculated as the related lease liability adjusted for lease incentives, prepayments and the effect of escalating lease payments on period expense. The below table depicts the ROU assets held by the Company based on the underlying asset:

	September 30, 2022	September 30, 2022				
Buildings	\$	14	\$	16		
Land		1		1		
Vehicles		1		1		
Total ROU assets	\$	16	\$	18		

The weighted average remaining lease term as of September 30, 2022 and September 30, 2021 was 6.7 years and 7.2 years, respectively.

Operating lease expense was \$1 million for each of the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 and \$4 million for each of the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, and was recorded within Selling, general and administrative expense and Engineering —research and development on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. There was no material short-term operating lease expense for any of the three or nine months ended September 30, 2022 or 2021.

The calculation of the Company's ROU assets and lease liabilities did not include cash consideration as of either September 30, 2022 or December 31, 2021. During the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, the Company recorded \$2 million and \$1 million, respectively, of new ROU assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations.

NOTE L. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Other current liabilities consist of the following (dollars in millions):

	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Payroll and related costs \$	60	\$ 80
Sales allowances	35	39
Accrued interest payable	26	24
Taxes payable	25	14
Vendor buyback obligation	16	16
Common stock repurchase obligation	8	—
OPEB liability	4	4
Lease liability	3	4
Derivative liabilities	_	10
Other accruals	12	13
Total	189	\$ 204

NOTE M. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

Components of net periodic benefit cost (credit) consist of the following (dollars in millions):

	Pension Pla For the Three M Ended Septemb 022	Ionths	Fo	r the Thre ded Septe	ent Benefits ee Months ember 30, 2021	e Months mber 30,	
Net periodic benefit cost (credit):							
Service cost	\$ 1 \$	2	\$	—	\$	—	
Interest cost	1	1		1		—	
Expected return on assets	(2)	(2)		—		_	
Prior service credit	—	(1)		(3)		(2)	
Recognized actuarial loss	1	1		—		—	
Net periodic benefit cost (credit)	\$ 1 \$	1	\$	(2)	\$	(2)	
	For the Nine Months For the				ement Benefits Nine Months September 30, 2021		
	For the Nine M Ended Septemb	lonths ber 30,	Fo	or the Nine ded Septe	e Months ember 30,		
Net periodic benefit cost (credit):	For the Nine M Ended Septemb 022	lonths ber 30,	Fo	or the Nine ded Septe	e Months ember 30, 2021		
Service cost	For the Nine M Ended Septemb	lonths ber 30,	Fo	or the Nine ded Septe	e Months ember 30,	1	
	For the Nine M Ended Septemb 222 5 \$ 4	lonths ber 30, 2021 7 4	Fc En 2022	or the Nine ded Septe	e Months ember 30, 2021	1	
Service cost	For the Nine M Ended Septemb 022 5 \$	lonths ber 30, 2021 7	Fc En 2022	or the Nine ded Septe	e Months ember 30, 2021	1	
Service cost Interest cost	For the Nine M Ended Septemb 222 5 \$ 4	lonths ber 30, 2021 7 4	Fc En 2022	or the Nine ded Septe	e Months ember 30, 2021	1 1 - (7)	
Service cost Interest cost Expected return on assets	For the Nine M Ended Septemb 222 5 \$ 4	lonths ber 30, 2021 7 4 (6)	Fc En 2022	1 2	e Months ember 30, 2021	1 1 (7)	

The components of net periodic benefit cost (credit) other than the service cost component are included in Other (expense) income, net in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

NOTE N. INCOME TAXES

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company recorded total income tax expense of \$20 million and \$86 million, respectively. The effective tax rate for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 was 13% and 18%, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company recorded total income tax expense of \$30 million and \$94 million, respectively. The effective tax rate for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 was 24% and 22%, respectively. The change in the effective tax rate in 2022 was due to enacted state tax rate legislation that resulted in a deferred tax benefit.

The need to establish a valuation allowance against the deferred tax assets is assessed periodically based on a more-likely-than-not realization threshold, in accordance with authoritative accounting guidance. Appropriate consideration is given to all positive and negative evidence related to that realization. This assessment considers, among other matters, the nature, frequency and severity of recent losses, forecasts of future profitability, the duration of statutory carry-forward periods, experience with tax attributes expiring unused, and tax planning alternatives. The weight given to these considerations depends upon the degree to which they can be objectively verified.

The Company continues to provide for a valuation allowance on certain of its foreign deferred tax assets and an anticipated capital loss carryforward. The Company has determined, based on the evaluation of both objective and subjective evidence available, that this valuation allowance is necessary and that it is more likely than not that the deferred tax assets are not fully realizable.

In accordance with the FASB's authoritative guidance on accounting for income taxes, the Company has recorded a liability for unrecognized tax benefits related to a 2010 Research and Development Credit as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021. The accounting guidance prescribes a recognition threshold and



measurement attributes for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The Company's returns will remain subject to examination by various taxing authorities for the duration of the applicable statute of limitations (generally three years from the later of the date of filing or the due date of the return).

NOTE O. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

The following tables reconcile changes in AOCL by component (net of tax, dollars in millions):

			Three month	is en	ded	
	and	ension I OPEB Ibility stments	 terest e swaps		Foreign currency items	Total
AOCL as of June 30, 2021	\$	(23)	\$ (34)	\$	(26)	\$ (83)
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications					(3)	(3)
Amounts reclassified from AOCL		(2)	4		—	2
Income tax benefit (expense)		1	(2)		—	(1)
Net current period other comprehensive (loss) income	\$	(1)	\$ 2	\$	(3)	\$ (2)
AOCL as of September 30, 2021	\$	(24)	\$ (32)	\$	(29)	\$ (85)
AOCL as of June 30, 2022	\$	(21)	\$ 1	\$	(40)	\$ (60)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications		_	16		(12)	4
Amounts reclassified from AOCL		(2)	1		_	(1)
Income tax expense		—	(4)		—	(4)
Net current period other comprehensive (loss) income	\$	(2)	\$ 13	\$	(12)	\$ (1)
AOCL as of September 30, 2022	\$	(23)	\$ 14	\$	(52)	\$ (61)

	Nine months ended							
	an li	ension d OPEB ability ustments		Interest ite swaps		Foreign currency items		Total
AOCL as of December 31, 2020	\$	(19)	\$	(46)	\$	(24)	\$	(89)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications				8		(5)		3
Amounts reclassified from AOCL		(7)		11		—		4
Income tax benefit (expense)		2		(5)		—		(3)
Net current period other comprehensive (loss) income	\$	(5)	\$	14	\$	(5)	\$	4
AOCL as of September 30, 2021	\$	(24)	\$	(32)	\$	(29)	\$	(85)
AOCL as of December 31, 2021	\$	(17)	\$	(24)	\$	(32)	\$	(73)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications		_		43		(20)		23
Amounts reclassified from AOCL		(7)		7		_		_
Income tax benefit (expense)		1		(12)		_		(11)
Net current period other comprehensive (loss) income	\$	(6)	\$	38	\$	(20)	\$	12
AOCL as of September 30, 2022	\$	(23)	\$	14	\$	(52)	\$	(61)

	Amounts reclassified fro	om AOCL	
AOCL Components	 	hree months ended September 30, 2021	Affected line item in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
Interest rate swaps	\$ (1) \$	(4)	Interest expense, net
Prior service cost	3	3	Other (expense) income, net
Recognized actuarial loss	(1)	(1)	Other (expense) income, net
Total reclassifications, before tax	\$ 1 \$	(2)	Income before income taxes
Income tax benefit	_	1	Income tax expense
			•
Total reclassifications, net of tax	\$ 1 \$	(1)	
	 Amounts reclassified fro	Nine months ended	Affected line item in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
AOCL Components	 Amounts reclassified fro	Nine months ended September 30, 2021	Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
	 Amounts reclassified fro	Nine months ended	Consolidated Statements of
AOCL Components Interest rate swaps	 Amounts reclassified fro	Nine months ended September 30, 2021 (11)	Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income Interest expense, net
AOCL Components Interest rate swaps Prior service cost	 Amounts reclassified fro onths ended N ber 30, 2022 S (7) \$ 8	Nine months ended September 30, 2021 (11) 8	Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income Interest expense, net Other (expense) income, net
AOCL Components Interest rate swaps Prior service cost Recognized actuarial loss	 Amounts reclassified fro onths ended N ber 30, 2022 S (7) \$ 8 (1)	Nine months ended September 30, 2021 (11) 8 (1)	Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income Interest expense, net Other (expense) income, net Other (expense) income, net

Prior service cost and actuarial loss are included in the computation of the Company's net periodic benefit cost (credit). See "Note M. Employee Benefit Plans" for additional details.

NOTE P. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Environmental Matters

The Company has an agreement with the Environmental Protection Agency to perform remedial activities at the Company's Indianapolis, Indiana manufacturing facilities related to historical soil and groundwater contamination. As of September 30, 2022, the Company had a liability recorded in the amount of \$3 million.

Claims, Disputes, and Litigation

The Company is party to various legal actions and administrative proceedings and subject to various claims arising in the ordinary course of business. These proceedings primarily involve commercial claims, product liability claims, personal injury claims and workers' compensation claims. The Company believes that the ultimate liability, if any, in excess of amounts already provided for in the condensed consolidated financial statements or covered by insurance on the disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the Company.

NOTE Q. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The Company presents both basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") amounts. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the reporting period. Diluted EPS is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares and common equivalent shares outstanding during the reporting period that are calculated using the treasury stock method for stock-based awards. The treasury stock method assumes that the Company uses the proceeds from the exercise of awards to repurchase common stock at the average market price during the period. The assumed proceeds under the treasury stock method include the purchase price that the grantee will pay in the future and compensation cost for future service that the Company has not yet recognized. For each of the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, there were 2 million outstanding stock options excluded from the diluted EPS calculation because they were anti-dilutive. For each of the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, there were 1 million outstanding stock options excluded from the diluted EPS calculation because they were anti-dilutive.

The following table reconciles the numerators and denominators used to calculate basic EPS and diluted EPS (in millions, except per share data):

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	:	2022	2021		2022			2021
Net income	\$	139	\$	94	\$	390	\$	324
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding		95		106		97		109
Dilutive effect of stock-based awards		1		—		—		—
Diluted weighted average shares of common stock outstanding		96		106		97		109
Basic earnings per share attributable to common stockholders	\$	1.46	\$	0.89	\$	4.02	\$	2.97
Diluted earnings per share attributable to common stockholders	\$	1.45	\$	0.89	\$	4.02	\$	2.97

NOTE R. COMMON STOCK

The Company's current stock repurchase program (the "Repurchase Program") was authorized by the Board of Directors in 2016. On February 24, 2022, the Board of Directors authorized the Company to repurchase an additional \$1,000 million of its common stock, bringing the total amount authorized under the Repurchase Program to \$4,000 million.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company repurchased \$109 million and \$224 million, respectively, of its common stock under the Repurchase Program, leaving \$1,089 million of authorized repurchases remaining under the Repurchase Program as of September 30, 2022. The Repurchase Program has no termination date, and the timing and amount of stock purchases are subject to market conditions and corporate needs. The Repurchase Program may be modified, suspended or discontinued at any time at the Company's discretion.

NOTE S. ACQUISITIONS

On March 31, 2022, the Company acquired transmission portfolio assets of India-based AVTEC Ltd.'s off-highway business and AVTEC's Madras Export Procession Zone off-highway component machining business, for \$23 million in cash. The Company accounted for this transaction under the acquisition method in accordance with authoritative guidance on business combinations. Control was obtained as of the purchase date through the purchase agreement. The acquired business was integrated into the Company's single operating segment.

The purchase price allocation for this transaction resulted in the recognition of goodwill, intangible assets and property, plant and equipment of \$13 million, \$8 million and \$2 million, respectively. The Company has completed its initial accounting for the fair value of the acquired assets and liabilities, and any adjustments identified in the measurement period, which will not exceed one year from the acquisition date, will be accounted for prospectively.

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis is intended to help the reader understand our business, financial condition, results of operations, liquidity and capital resources. You should read this discussion in conjunction with our condensed consolidated interim financial statements and the related notes contained elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

The statements in this discussion regarding industry trends, our expectations regarding our future performance, liquidity and capital resources and other non-historical statements are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, the risks and uncertainties described in "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" and Part II, Item 1A "Risk Factors" in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2022 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on April 28, 2022, and in Part I, Item 1A "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 as filed with the SEC on February 17, 2022. Our actual results may differ materially from those contained in or implied by any forward-looking statements.

Overview

Allison Transmission Holdings, Inc. and its subsidiaries ("Allison," the "Company," "we," "us" or "our") design and manufacture vehicle propulsion solutions, including commercial-duty on-highway, off-highway and defense fully automatic transmissions and electric hybrid and fully electric systems. The business was founded in 1915 and has been headquartered in Indianapolis, Indiana since inception. Allison is traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "ALSN".

Although approximately 76% of revenues were generated in North America in 2021, we have a global presence by serving customers in Asia, Europe, South America and Africa. We serve customers through an independent network of approximately 1,400 independent distributor and dealer locations worldwide.

Trends Impacting Our Business

Global markets continue to experience supply chain, labor, energy and raw material constraints as a result of global economic volatility, the war in Ukraine and the COVID-19 pandemic that impact our business performance. As a result, during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 we experienced raw material and component part price inflation, increased freight and logistics costs, increased labor costs, production constraints due to labor shortages and increased foreign exchange volatility. In addition, despite increased customer demand, our net sales for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 were negatively impacted as a result of our customers' inability to secure components from the broader commercial vehicle supply base which resulted in reduced commercial vehicle build schedules will continue to be negatively impacted by the availability of components throughout the remainder of 2022.

To limit the spread of variants and sub-variants of COVID-19, governments have taken, and may in the future take, various actions that have impacted, and may in the future impact, our employees, operations, customers and supply base, including the administration or mandate of vaccinations, travel bans and restrictions, quarantines, curfews, stay-at-home orders, social distancing guidelines and business shutdowns and closures.

Our net sales are driven by commercial vehicle production, which tends to be highly correlated to macroeconomic conditions. In 2022, we expect higher net sales principally driven by higher customer demand in the Global On-Highway, Global Off-Highway and Service Parts, Support Equipment & Other end markets, price increases on certain products and the continued execution of our growth initiatives.

Third Quarter Net Sales by End Market (dollars in millions)

End Market	 2022 Sales	Q3 2021 et Sales	% Variance
North America On-Highway	\$ 340	\$ 275	24 %
North America Off-Highway	24	20	20 %
Defense	35	39	(10)%
Outside North America On-Highway	118	93	27 %
Outside North America Off-Highway	36	14	157 %
Service Parts, Support Equipment and Other	157	126	25 %
Total Net Sales	\$ 710	\$ 567	25 %

North America On-Highway end market net sales were up 24% for the third quarter 2022 compared to the third quarter 2021, principally driven by continued strength in customer demand for last mile delivery, regional haul and vocational trucks.

Global Off-Highway end market net sales were up \$26 million for the third quarter 2022 compared to the third quarter 2021, principally driven by demand for hydraulic fracturing applications in the energy sector as well as higher demand in the mining and construction sectors.

Defense end market net sales were down 10% for the third quarter 2022 compared to the third quarter 2021, principally driven by lower demand for Wheeled vehicle applications.

Outside North America On-Highway end market net sales were up 27% for the third quarter 2022 compared to the third quarter 2021, principally driven by the continued execution of our growth initiatives in Europe, Asia and South America.

Service Parts, Support Equipment and Other end market net sales were up 25% for the third quarter 2022 compared to the third quarter 2021, principally driven by higher demand for global service parts and support equipment and aluminum die cast components.

Key Components of our Results of Operations

Net sales

We generate our net sales primarily from the sale of vehicle propulsion solutions, service and component parts, support equipment, defense kits, engineering services, royalties and extended transmission coverage to a wide array of original equipment manufacturers, distributors and the U.S. and other governments. Sales are recorded net of provisions for customer allowances and other rebates. Engineering services are recorded as net sales in accordance with the terms of the contract. The associated costs are recorded in cost of sales. We also have royalty agreements with third parties that provide net sales as a result of joint efforts in developing marketable products.

Cost of sales

Our primary components of cost of sales are purchased parts, overhead expense related to our manufacturing operations and direct labor associated with the manufacture and assembly of propulsion solutions and parts. For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, direct material costs were approximately 66%, overhead costs were approximately 27%, and direct labor costs were approximately 7% of total cost of sales. We are subject to changes in our cost of sales caused by movements in underlying commodity prices. We seek to hedge against this risk by using long-term agreements, as appropriate. See Part I, Item 3, "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk—Commodity Price Risk" included below.

Selling, general and administrative

The principal components of our selling, general and administrative expenses are salaries and benefits for our office personnel, advertising and promotional expenses, product warranty expense, expenses relating to certain information technology systems and amortization of our intangibles.

Engineering — research and development

We incur costs in connection with research and development programs that are expected to contribute to future earnings. Such costs are expensed as incurred.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We use Adjusted Earnings before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation, and Amortization ("EBITDA") and Adjusted EBITDA as a percent of net sales to measure our operating profitability. We believe that Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA as a percent of net sales provide management, investors and creditors with useful measures of the operational results of our business and increase the period-to-period comparability of our operating profitability and comparability with other companies. Adjusted EBITDA as a percent of net sales is also used in the calculation of management's incentive compensation program. The most directly comparable U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") measure to Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA as a percent of net sales is Net income and Net income as a percent of net sales, respectively. Adjusted EBITDA is calculated as earnings before interest expense, net, income tax expense, amortization of intangible assets, depreciation of property, plant and equipment and other adjustments as defined by the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of March 29, 2019, as amended (the "Credit Agreement") governing Allison Transmission, Inc.'s ("ATI"), our wholly-owned subsidiary, term loan facility in the amount of \$627 million due March 2026 ("Term Loan"). Adjusted EBITDA as a percent of net sales is calculated as Adjusted EBITDA divided by net sales.

We use Adjusted free cash flow to evaluate the amount of cash generated by our business that, after the capital investment needed to maintain and grow our business and certain mandatory debt service requirements, can be used for repayment of debt, stockholder distributions and strategic opportunities, including investing in our business. We believe that Adjusted free cash flow enhances the understanding of the cash flows of our business for management, investors and creditors. Adjusted free cash flow is also used in the calculation of management's incentive compensation program. The most directly comparable GAAP measure to Adjusted free cash flow is Net cash provided by operating activities. Adjusted free cash flow is calculated as Net cash provided by operating activities after additions of long-lived assets.

The following is a reconciliation of Net income and Net income as a percent of net sales to Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA as a percent of net sales and a reconciliation of Net cash provided by operating activities to Adjusted free cash flow:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,			
(unaudited, dollars in millions)		:	2021		2022		2021		
Net income (GAAP)	\$	139	\$	94	\$	390	\$	324	
plus:									
Interest expense, net		29		28		88		87	
Income tax expense		20		30		86		94	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		29		26		82		77	
Amortization of intangible assets		12		12		35		35	
Unrealized loss on marketable securities (a)		9		_		20		—	
Stock-based compensation expense (b)		5		3		14		11	
Technology-related investment gain (c)		—		(3)		(6)		(3)	
Unrealized loss (gain) on foreign exchange (d)		2		(1)		5		(1)	
Acquisition-related earnouts (e)		_		1		2		1	
UAW Local 933 retirement incentive (f)		_		(1)		—		(1)	
Adjusted EBITDA (Non-GAAP)	\$	245	\$	189	\$	716	\$	624	
Net sales (GAAP)	\$	710	\$	567	\$	2,051	\$	1,758	
Net income as a percent of net sales (GAAP)		19.6 %	, 0	16.6%)	19.0 %)	18.4 %	
Adjusted EBITDA as a percent of net sales (Non-GAAP)		34.5 %	, 0	33.3 %)	34.9 %	,	35.5%	
Net cash provided by operating activities (GAAP)	\$	207	\$	196	\$	433	\$	467	
Deductions to reconcile to Adjusted free cash flow:									
Additions of long-lived assets		(25)		(43)		(75)		(112)	
Adjusted free cash flow (Non-GAAP)	\$	182	\$	153	\$	358	\$	355	

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- (a) Represents losses (recorded in Other (expense) income, net) related to an investment in the common stock of Jing-Jin Electric Technologies Co. Ltd ("JJE").
- (b) Represents stock-based compensation expense (recorded in Cost of sales, Selling, general and administrative, and Engineering—research and development).
- (c) Represents a gain (recorded in Other (expense) income, net) related to investments in co-development agreements to expand our position in propulsion solution technologies.
- (d) Represents losses (gains) (recorded in Other (expense) income, net) on intercompany financing transactions related to investments in plant assets for our India facility.
- (e) Represents expenses (recorded in Selling, general and administrative and Engineering research and development) for earnouts related to our acquisition of Vantage Power Limited.
- (f) Represents adjustments (recorded in Cost of sales) related to a retirement incentive program for certain employees represented by the International Union, United Automobile, Aerospace and Agricultural Implement Workers of America ("UAW") pursuant to the UAW Local 933 collective bargaining agreement effective through November 2023.

Results of Operations

Comparison of three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

The following table sets forth certain financial information for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021. The following table and discussion should be read in conjunction with the information contained in our condensed consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

	Three Months Ended September 30,									
(unaudited, dollars in millions)		2022	% of net sales	2021	% of net sales					
Net sales	\$	710	100 % \$	567	100 %					
Cost of sales		382	54	306	54					
Gross profit		328	46	261	46					
Operating expenses:										
Selling, general and administrative		78	11	73	13					
Engineering — research and development		47	6	42	7					
Total operating expenses		125	17	115	20					
Operating income		203	29	146	26					
Interest expense, net		(29)	(4)	(28)	(5)					
Other (expense) income, net		(15)	(3)	6	1					
Income before income taxes		159	22	124	22					
Income tax expense		(20)	(2)	(30)	(5)					
Net income	\$	139	20 % \$	94	17 %					

Net sales

Net sales for the quarter ended September 30, 2022 were \$710 million compared to \$567 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2021, an increase of 25%. The increase was principally driven by a \$65 million, or 24%, increase in net sales in the North America On-Highway end market principally driven by continued strength in customer demand for last mile delivery, regional haul and vocational trucks, a \$31 million, or 25%, increase in net sales in the Service Parts, Support Equipment and Other end market principally driven by higher demand for global service parts and support equipment and aluminum die cast components, a \$26 million, or 76%, increase in net sales in the Global Off-Highway end market principally driven by demand for hydraulic fracturing applications in the energy sector as well as higher demand in the mining and construction sectors and a \$25 million, or 27%, increase in net sales in the Outside North America On-Highway end market principally driven by the continued execution of our growth initiatives in Europe, Asia and South America, partially offset by a \$4 million, or 10%, decrease in net sales in the Defense end market principally driven by lower demand for Wheeled vehicle applications.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales for the quarter ended September 30, 2022 was \$382 million compared to \$306 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2021, an increase of 25%. The increase was principally driven by increased direct material and manufacturing expense commensurate with increased net sales and higher direct material costs.

Gross profit

Gross profit for the quarter ended September 30, 2022 was \$328 million compared to \$261 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2021, an increase of 26%. The increase was principally driven by \$71 million related to increased net sales and \$29 million of price increases on certain products, partially offset by \$20 million of higher direct material costs and \$13 million of higher manufacturing expense commensurate with increased net sales. Gross profit as a percent of net sales for the three months ended September 30, 2022 increased 20 basis points compared to the same period in 2021 principally driven by price increases on certain products, partially offset by increased cost of goods sold.

Selling, general and administrative

Selling, general and administrative expenses for the quarter ended September 30, 2022 were \$78 million compared to \$73 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2021, an increase of 7%. The increase was principally driven by higher commercial activities spending.

Engineering — research and development

Engineering expenses for the quarter ended September 30, 2022 were \$47 million compared to \$42 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2021, an increase of 12%. The increase was principally driven by increased product initiatives spending.

Interest expense, net

Interest expense, net for the quarter ended September 30, 2022 was \$29 million compared to \$28 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2021, an increase of 4%. The increase was principally driven by \$4 million of higher interest expense on ATI's Term Loan due to higher variable interest rates, partially offset by \$3 million of lower interest expense on interest rate hedges.

Other (expense) income, net

Other (expense) income, net for the quarter ended September 30, 2022 was (\$15) million compared to \$6 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2021. The change was principally driven by a \$9 million unrealized loss on marketable securities, \$5 million of unfavorable foreign exchange and a \$4 million gain related to technology-related investments in the third quarter of 2021 that did not reoccur in 2022.

Income tax expense

Income tax expense for the three months ended September 30, 2022 was \$20 million, resulting in an effective tax rate of 13%, compared to \$30 million of income tax expense and an effective tax rate of 24% for the three months ended September 30, 2021. The decrease in income tax expense was principally driven by enacted state tax rate legislation resulting in a deferred tax benefit, partially offset by increased taxable income. The decrease in the effective tax rate was principally driven by enacted state tax rate legislation that resulted in a deferred tax benefit.



Comparison of nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

The following table sets forth certain financial information for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021. The following table and discussion should be read in conjunction with the information contained in our condensed consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Nine Months Ended September 30,								
2022 o		% of net sales	2021	% of net sales				
\$	2,051	100 % \$	1,758	100 %				
	1,092	53	918	52				
	959	47	840	48				
	231	11	226	13				
	136	7	121	7				
	367	18	347	20				
	592	29	493	28				
	(88)	(4)	(87)	(5)				
	(28)	(2)	12	1				
_	476	23	418	24				
	(86)	(4)	(94)	(6)				
\$	390	19% \$	324	18 %				
	\$	\$ 2,051 1,092 959 231 136 367 592 (88) (28) 476 (86)	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c } \hline $2022 & $$$ of net sales & $$2021 \\ \hline $ $2,051 & $$100\% $$ $1,758 \\ \hline $ $1,092 & $$53 & $$918 \\ \hline $ $959 & $$47 & $$$840 \\ \hline $ $$ $959 & $$47 & $$840 \\ \hline $ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$$ $$ $$ $$$ $$				

Net sales

Net sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 were \$2,051 million compared to \$1,758 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021, an increase of 17%. The increase was principally driven by a \$130 million, or 15%, increase in net sales in the North America On-Highway end market principally driven by continued strength in customer demand for last mile delivery, regional haul and vocational trucks, an \$81 million, or 103%, increase in net sales in the Global Off-Highway end market principally driven by demand for hydraulic fracturing applications in the energy sector as well as higher demand in the mining and construction sectors, a \$58 million, or 15%, increase in net sales in the Service Parts, Support Equipment and Other end market principally driven by global service parts and support equipment and a \$57 million, or 21%, increase in net sales in the Outside North America On-Highway end market principally driven by the continued execution of our growth initiatives in Europe, Asia and South America, partially offset by a \$33 million, or 25%, decrease in net sales in the Defense end market principally driven by lower demand for Tracked and Wheeled vehicle applications.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 was \$1,092 million compared to \$918 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021, an increase of 19%. The increase was principally driven by increased direct material and manufacturing expense commensurate with increased net sales and higher direct material costs.

Gross profit

Gross profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 was \$959 million compared to \$840 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021, an increase of 14%. The increase was principally driven by \$139 million related to increased net sales and \$82 million of price increases on certain products, partially offset by \$77 million of higher direct material costs and \$24 million of higher manufacturing expense commensurate with increased net sales. Gross profit as a percent of net sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 decreased 100 basis points compared to the same period in 2021 principally driven by increased cost of goods sold, partially offset by price increases on certain products.

Selling, general and administrative

Selling, general and administrative expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 was \$231 million compared to \$226 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021, an increase of 2%. The increase was principally driven by higher commercial activities spending, partially offset by lower incentive compensation expense.

Engineering — research and development

Engineering expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 were \$136 million compared to \$121 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021, an increase of 12%. The increase was principally driven by increased product initiatives spending.

Interest expense, net

Interest expense, net for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 was \$88 million compared to \$87 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021, an increase of 1%. The increase was principally driven by \$5 million of higher interest expense on ATI's Term Loan due to higher variable interest rates, partially offset by \$4 million of lower interest expense on interest rate hedges.

Other (expense) income, net

Other (expense) income, net for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 was (\$28) million compared to \$12 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021. The change was principally driven by a \$20 million unrealized loss on marketable securities, \$10 million of unfavorable foreign exchange, \$5 million of unfavorable change associated with assets held in a rabbi trust and \$5 million of unfavorable foreign exchange on intercompany financing.

Income tax expense

Income tax expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 was \$86 million, resulting in an effective tax rate of 18%, compared to \$94 million of income tax expense and an effective tax rate of 22% for the nine months ended September 30, 2021. The decrease in income tax expense and effective tax rate was principally driven by enacted state tax rate legislation that resulted in a deferred tax benefit, partially offset by increased taxable income. The decrease in the effective tax rate was principally driven by enacted state tax rate legislation that resulted in a deferred tax rate legislation that resulted in a deferred tax benefit.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We generate cash primarily from our operations to fund our operating, investing and financing activities. Our principal uses of cash are operating expenses, capital expenditures, working capital needs, debt service, dividends on common stock, stock repurchases and strategic growth initiatives, including investments, acquisitions and collaborations. Our ability to generate cash in the future and our future uses of cash are subject to general economic, financial, competitive, legislative, regulatory and other factors that may be beyond our control. We had total available cash and cash equivalents of \$180 million and \$127 million as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively. Of the available cash and cash equivalents, \$110 million was deposited in operating accounts and \$70 million was invested in U.S. government backed securities as of September 30, 2022, compared to December 31, 2021, when all of the \$127 million was deposited in operating accounts.

As of September 30, 2022, the total of cash held by foreign subsidiaries was \$70 million, the majority of which was at our subsidiaries located in China, India, the Netherlands and Japan. We manage our worldwide cash requirements considering available funds among the subsidiaries through which we conduct our business and the cost effectiveness with which those funds can be accessed. As a result, we do not currently anticipate any local liquidity restrictions will preclude us from funding our targeted initiatives or operating needs with local resources.

We have not recognized any deferred tax liabilities associated with earnings in foreign subsidiaries, except for our subsidiary located in China, as they are intended to be permanently reinvested and used to support foreign operations or have no associated tax requirements. We have recorded a deferred tax liability of \$3 million for the tax liability associated with the remittance of previously taxed income and unremitted earnings for our subsidiary located in China. The remaining deferred tax liabilities, if recorded, related to unremitted earnings that are indefinitely reinvested are not material.

Our liquidity requirements are significant, primarily due to our debt service requirements. As of September 30, 2022, we had \$627 million of indebtedness associated with ATI's 4.75% Senior Notes due October 2027 ("4.75% Senior Notes"), \$500 million of indebtedness associated with ATI's 5.875% Senior Notes due June 2029 ("5.875% Senior Notes") and \$1,000 million of indebtedness associated with ATI's 3.75% Senior Notes" and, together with the 4.75% Senior Notes and 5.875% Senior Notes, the "Senior Notes"). Short-term and long-term debt service liquidity requirements consist of \$2 million of minimum required quarterly principal payments on ATI's Term Loan through its maturity date of March 2026 and periodic interest payments on ATI's Term Loan and the Senior Notes. There are no required quarterly principal payments on ATI's Senior Notes. Long-term debt service liquidity requirements also consist of the payment in full of any remaining principal balance of ATI's Term Loan and the Senior Notes.

We made \$5 million of principal payments on the Term Loan during each of the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021. Our ability to make payments on and refinance our indebtedness and to fund planned capital expenditures and growth initiatives will depend on our ability to generate cash in the future.

The Senior Secured Credit Facility provides for a \$650 million Revolving Credit Facility, net of an allowance for up to \$75 million in outstanding letter of credit commitments. Throughout the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company made periodic withdrawals and payments on the Revolving Credit Facility as part of the Company's cash management plans. The maximum amount outstanding at any time during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 was \$75 million. As of September 30, 2022, we had \$645 million available under the Revolving Credit Facility, net of \$5 million in letters of credit. As of September 30, 2022, we had no amounts outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility. If we have commitments outstanding on the Revolving Credit Facility at the end of a fiscal quarter, the Senior Secured Credit Facility requires us to maintain a specified maximum first lien net leverage ratio of 5.50x. Additionally, within the terms of the Senior Secured Credit Facility for the applicable year. As of September 30, 2022, our first lien net leverage ratio was 0.48x. The Senior Secured Credit Facility also provides certain financial incentives based on our first lien net leverage ratio. A first lien net leverage ratio at or below 4.00x and above 3.50x results in a 25 basis point reduction to the applicable margin on the Revolving Credit Facility. These reductions remain in effect as long as we achieve a first lien net leverage ratio at or below the related threshold.

In addition, the Credit Agreement includes, among other things, customary restrictions (subject to certain exceptions) on our ability to incur certain indebtedness, grant certain liens, make certain investments, engage in acquisitions, consolidations and mergers, declare or pay certain dividends, and repurchase shares of our common stock. The indentures governing the Senior Notes contain negative covenants restricting or limiting our ability to, among other things, incur or guarantee additional indebtedness, incur liens, pay dividends on, redeem or repurchase our capital stock, make certain investments, permit payment or dividend restrictions on certain of our subsidiaries, sell assets, engage in certain transactions with affiliates, and consolidate or merge or sell all or substantially all of our assets. As of September 30, 2022, we are in compliance with all covenants under the Senior Secured Credit Facility and indentures governing the Senior Notes.

Our credit ratings and outlook are reviewed periodically by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") and Fitch Ratings, Inc. ("Fitch"). As of September 30, 2022, our credit ratings and outlook from both Moody's and Fitch are shown in the table below:

	Septembe	r 30, 2022
Credit Ratings	Moody's	Fitch
Corporate Credit	Ba1	BB
Term Loan	Baa2	BBB-
4.75% Senior Notes	Ba2	BB
5.875% Senior Notes	Ba2	BB
3.75% Senior Notes	Ba2	BB

Our current stock repurchase program (the "Repurchase Program") was originally authorized by the Board of Directors in 2016. On February 24, 2022, the Board of Directors authorized us to repurchase an additional \$1,000 million of our common stock, bringing the total amount authorized under the Repurchase Program to \$4,000 million. During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, we repurchased approximately \$224 million of our common stock under the Repurchase Program. As a result of timing between the repurchase transactions and the settlement of the repurchases, \$216 million of share repurchases were settled in cash during the nine months ended September 30, 2022, and the remaining \$8 million of share repurchases were recorded to Other current liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2022 and settled the following month. As of September 30, 2022, we had approximately \$1,089 million available under the Repurchase Program.

The following table shows our sources and uses of funds for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 (in millions):

	Nine Months Ended September 30,						
Statements of Cash Flows Data		2022		2021			
Cash flows provided by operating activities	\$	433	\$	467			
Cash flows used for investing activities	\$	(93)	\$	(119)			
Cash flows used for financing activities	\$	(285)	\$	(396)			

Generally, cash provided by operating activities has been adequate to fund our operations. We have significant liquidity, including \$180 million of cash and cash equivalents and \$645 million available under the Revolving Credit Facility, net of \$5 million of letters of credit, as of September 30, 2022. At this time, we believe cash provided by operating activities, cash and cash equivalents and borrowing capacity under the Senior Secured Credit Facility will be sufficient to meet our known and anticipated cash requirements for the next twelve months and thereafter.

Cash provided by operating activities

Operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 generated \$433 million of cash compared to \$467 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021. The decrease was principally driven by higher cash incentive compensation payments, higher cash income taxes, higher operating working capital funding requirements and higher cash interest payments, partially offset by higher gross profit.

Cash used for investing activities

Investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 used \$93 million of cash compared to \$119 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021. The decrease was principally driven by a \$37 million decrease in capital expenditures and an \$11 million loan to JJE in 2021 that did not recur in 2022, partially offset by \$23 million in cash paid for business acquisitions during 2022.

Cash used for financing activities

Financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 used \$285 million of cash compared to \$396 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021. The decrease was principally driven by \$110 million of decreased stock repurchases under the Repurchase Program.

Contingencies

We are a party to various legal actions and administrative proceedings and subject to various claims arising in the ordinary course of business, including those relating to commercial transactions, product liability, personal injury and workers' compensation, safety, health, taxes, environmental and other matters. For more information, see "Note P. Commitments and Contingencies" of our condensed consolidated financial statements included in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Critical Accounting Policies and Significant Accounting Estimates

A discussion of our critical accounting policies and significant accounting estimates is included in Part II, Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 as filed with the U.S SEC on February 17, 2022. The preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of some assets and liabilities and, in some instances, the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the applicable reporting period. Actual results could differ materially from these estimates. Changes in estimates are recorded in results of operations in the period that the events or circumstances giving rise to such changes occur. Within the context of these critical accounting estimates, we are not currently aware of any reasonably likely events or circumstances that would result in different policies or estimates being reported for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We are not a party to any off-balance sheet arrangements.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

See "Note B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" in Part I, Item 1, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements. The words "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "estimate" and other expressions that are predictions of or indicate future events and trends and that do not relate to historical matters identify forward-looking statements. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Although forward-looking statements reflect management's good faith beliefs, reliance should not be placed on forward-looking statements because they involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which may cause actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from anticipated future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date the statements are made. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events, changed circumstances or otherwise. These forward-looking statements are subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to: increases in cost, disruption of supply or shortage of labor, freight, raw materials, energy or components used to manufacture or transport our products or those of our customers or suppliers, including as a result of the war in Ukraine and the COVID-19 pandemic; global economic volatility; the duration and spread of the COVID-19 pandemic, including new variants of the virus and the pace and availability of vaccines and boosters, mitigating efforts deployed by government agencies and the public at large, and the overall impact from such outbreak on economic conditions, financial market volatility and our business, including but not limited to the operations of our manufacturing and other facilities, the availability of labor, our supply chain, our distribution processes and demand for our products and the corresponding impacts to our net sales and cash flow; our participation in markets that are competitive; our ability to prepare for, respond to and successfully achieve our objectives relating to technological and market developments, competitive threats and changing customer needs, including with respect to electric hybrid and fully electric commercial vehicles; the highly cyclical industries in which certain of our end users operate; uncertainty in the global regulatory and business environments in which we operate; the concentration of our net sales in our top five customers and the loss of any one of these; the failure of markets outside North America to increase adoption of fully automatic transmissions; the success of our research and development efforts, the outcome of which is uncertain; U.S. and foreign defense spending; risks associated with our international operations, including acts of war and increased trade protectionism; general economic and industry conditions, including the risk of recession; the discovery of defects in our products, resulting in delays in new model launches, recall campaigns and/or increased warranty costs and reduction in future sales or damage to our brand and reputation: our ability to identify, consummate and effectively integrate acquisitions and collaborations; labor strikes, work stoppages or similar labor disputes, which could significantly disrupt our operations or those of our principal customers or suppliers; and risks related to our indebtedness.

Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations are disclosed in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 as filed with the SEC on February 17, 2022 and Part II, Item 1A of our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2022 as filed with the SEC on April 28, 2022. All written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us, or persons acting on our behalf, are expressly qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements as well as other cautionary statements that are made from time to time in our other SEC filings or public communications. You should evaluate all forward-looking statements made in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q in the context of these risks and uncertainties.

ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Our exposure to market risk consists of changes in interest rates, foreign currency rate fluctuations and movements in commodity prices.

Interest Rate Risk

Our principal interest rate exposure relates to outstanding amounts under our Senior Secured Credit Facility. Our Senior Secured Credit Facility provides for variable rate borrowings of up to \$1,272 million, including \$645 million under our Revolving Credit Facility, net of \$5 million of letters of credit. As of September 30, 2022, we held interest rate swap contracts that effectively hedge \$500 million of the variable rate debt associated with the Term Loan through September 2025. A one-eighth percent increase or decrease in assumed interest rates for the Senior Secured Credit Facility, if fully drawn as of September 30, 2022, would have an impact of approximately \$1 million on interest expense per year. As of September 30, 2022, we had no outstanding borrowings against the Revolving Credit Facility.

From time to time, we enter into interest rate swap agreements to hedge the risk associated with our variable interest rate debt. As of September 30, 2022, we held interest rate swaps effective from (i) September 2019 to September 2022 with notional values totaling \$250 million and a weighted average London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") fixed rate of 3.01% and (ii) September 2022 to September 2025 with notional values totaling \$250 million and a weighted average LIBOR fixed rate of 2.82%.

The United Kingdom's Financial Conduct Authority has announced the intent to phase out LIBOR by June 2023. We plan to elect an alternative reference rate acceptable under reference rate reform guidance and do not expect the phase out to materially impact our financial statements, liquidity or access to capital markets.

Exchange Rate Risk

While our net sales and costs are denominated primarily in U.S. Dollars, net sales, costs, assets and liabilities are generated in other currencies including Brazilian Real, British Pound, Canadian Dollar, Chinese Yuan Renminbi, Euro, Hungarian Forint, Indian Rupee and Japanese Yen. The expansion of our business outside North America may further increase the risk that cash flows resulting from these activities may be adversely affected by changes in currency exchange rates.

Assuming current levels of foreign currency transactions, a 10% aggregate increase or decrease in the Chinese Yuan Renminbi, Euro, Indian Rupee, and Japanese Yen would correspondingly change our earnings, net of tax, by an estimated \$4 million per year. We believe our other direct exposure to foreign currencies is immaterial.



Commodity Price Risk

We are subject to changes in our cost of sales caused by movements in underlying commodity prices. As of September 30, 2022, approximately 66% of our cost of sales consists of purchased components with significant raw material content. A substantial portion of the purchased parts are made of aluminum and steel. The cost of aluminum parts includes an adjustment factor on future purchases for fluctuations in aluminum prices based on accepted industry indices. In addition, a substantial amount of steel-based contracts also include an index-based component. As our costs change, we are able to pass through a portion of the changes in commodity prices to certain of our customers according to our long-term agreements ("LTAs"). We historically have not entered into long-term purchase contracts related to the purchase of aluminum and steel.

Assuming current levels of commodity purchases, a 10% variation in the price of aluminum and steel would correspondingly change our earnings by approximately \$9 million and \$12 million per year, respectively.

Many of our LTAs have incorporated a cost-sharing arrangement related to potential future commodity price fluctuations. For purposes of the sensitivity analysis above, the impact of these cost sharing arrangements has not been included.

ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of the end of the period covered by this report. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. In addition, the design of disclosure controls and procedures must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints and that management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the benefits of possible controls and procedures relative to their costs.

Based on the evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information we are required to disclose in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we are a party to various legal actions in the normal course of our business, including those related to commercial transactions, product liability, personal injury and workers' compensation, safety, health, taxes, environmental and other matters. Information pertaining to legal proceedings can be found in "Note P. Commitments and Contingencies" in the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, which information is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes from our risk factors as previously reported in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 as filed with the SEC on February 17, 2022, and as updated in Part II, Item 1A of our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2022 as filed with the SEC on April 28, 2022.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table sets forth information related to our repurchases of our common stock on a monthly basis in the three months ended September 30, 2022:

	Total Number of Shares Purchased	of Shar Purchas as Part Public Average Announ Price Paid Plans		Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under Plans(1)	
July 1 – July 31, 2022	—	\$	—	—	\$	1,198,544,111
August 1 – August 31, 2022	906,687	\$	38.02	906,687	\$	1,164,069,389
September 1 – September 30, 2022	2,131,074	\$	35.11	2,131,074	\$	1,089,252,620
	3,037,761	\$	35.98	3,037,761		

(1) These values reflect the amounts that may be repurchased under the Repurchase Program approved by the Board of Directors on November 14, 2016 and the increases approved by the Board of Directors on November 8, 2017, July 30, 2018, May 9, 2019 and February 24, 2022, which in the aggregate total authorized repurchases of \$4,000 million. The Repurchase Program has no termination date.

Item 6.	Exhibits
(a) Exhibits	
<u>Exhibit</u> Number	Description
10.1	Executive Change in Control and Severance Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on For 8-K filed July 19, 2022)
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
32.1	Certification of Periodic Report by Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
101	The following financial information from the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2022, formatted in Inline XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets; (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income; (iii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows; (iv) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity; and (v) the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File – The cover page from the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2022, formatted in Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101
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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ALLISON TRANSMISSION HOLDINGS, INC.

Date: October 27, 2022 By: /s/ David S. Graziosi

Name:	David S. Graziosi
Title:	Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: October 27, 2022

/s/ G. Frederick Bohley

By:

Name:	G. Frederick Bohley
Title:	Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, David S. Graziosi, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Allison Transmission Holdings, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: October 27, 2022

/s/ David S. Graziosi Name: David S. Graziosi Title: Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, G. Frederick Bohley, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Allison Transmission Holdings, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: October 27, 2022

/s/ G. Frederick Bohley Name: G. Frederick Bohley Title: Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Allison Transmission Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ending September 30, 2022 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), we, David S. Graziosi, Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and G. Frederick Bohley, Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350 as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: October 27, 2022

/s/ David S. Graziosi David S. Graziosi Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Dated: October 27, 2022

/s/ G. Frederick Bohley

G. Frederick Bohley Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)